

ARTIFICIALLY INDUCED CIRCULATION IN
THERMALLY STRATIFIED LAKES

BY

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A thesis submitted in partial fulfillment of the
requirements for the degree of

DOCTOR OF PHILOSOPHY
(Zoology)

at the

UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN

1958

REPRODUCED FROM THE ORIGINAL
DEPOSITED AT THE UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN

A thesis submitted to the Graduate School of
the University of Wisconsin in partial fulfillment
of the requirements for the degree of Doctor of
Philosophy.

by

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Degree to be awarded

January 19—

June 19—

August 19—

To Professors: _____

This thesis having been approved in respect to form and mechanical execution is referred to you for judgment upon its substantial merit.

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Approved as satisfying in substance the doctoral thesis requirement of the University of Wisconsin.

Arthur D. Hasler
Major Professor

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Date of Examination, *June 4* 19 *58*.

PREFACE

The purpose of this paper is to describe some aspects of an artificial physical disturbance in the lake environment. It is with some misgiving that the words of Aldo Leopold are recalled (1949, p. 221):

"Conservationists are notorious for their dissensions. Superficially these seem to add up to mere confusion, but a more careful scrutiny reveals a single plane of cleavage common to many specialized fields. In each field one group (A) regards the land as soil, and its function as commodity-production; another group (B) regards the land as a biota, and its function as something broader. How much broader is admittedly in a state of doubt and confusion." He goes on to say, "In the wildlife field, a parallel cleavage exists. For group A the basic commodities are sport and meat; the yardsticks of production are ciphers of take in pheasants and trout. Artificial propagation is acceptable as a permanent as well as a temporary recourse - if unit costs permit. Group B feels the stirrings of an ecological conscience."

I feel that this work is unfortunately proximal to "A group." It can only be hoped that in some measure the results may serve to enlarge our understanding of the aquatic environment as it will aid in our exploitation of it.

The guidance of Professor Arthur D. Hasler is gratefully acknowledged. The counsel of Professor James R. Villemonte is also acknowledged.

Only those who have extracted limnological measurements from a frozen lake can appreciate the real contri-

bution to this work made by Oscar Brynildson, Richard Parker, Raymond Stross, Waldo Johnson, James Gammon and John A. Miller. All of the work with the use of radio-isotopes in the field and laboratory was conducted by Eldon Zicker and M. C. Sparr. I wish to thank them both for permission to call upon their skill with the use of this material and also for their collaborative efforts in these experiments.

The work was jointly financed by the Wisconsin Conservation Department (as part of Fed. Aid in Fish and Wildlife Restoration Proj. Wis. F-6-R-1), the A.F.C. (under contract AT 11-1-64 Proj. No. 12), the McGiveran Foundation of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, Dr. and Mrs. Lester E. Frankenthal, Jr., of Chicago, Ill., and Mr. N. H. Seefurth of Chicago, Ill.

The use of the lands and facilities of Mr. Ben S. McGiveran of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, Mr. Guido Rahr of Manitowoc, Wisconsin, and the University of Notre Dame Estate of Land O'Lakes, Wisconsin, is greatly appreciated.

And finally, I wish to thank my wife for her invaluable aid and incomparable patience.

William Schmitz